South Carolina Department of Transportation Traffic Engineering Guidelines

NUMBER: TG-17

SUBJECT: Signing for One-Lane, Two-Way Bridges and One-Lane, Two-Way

Roadway Sections

BACKGROUND: Section 2C.19 of the MUTCD provides guidance on the use of the

> "ROAD NARROWS" (W5-1) sign. It states that "a W5-1 sign should be used in advance of a transition on two-lane roads where the pavement width is reduced abruptly to a width such that vehicles traveling in opposite directions cannot simultaneously travel through the narrow portion of the roadway without reducing speed." No guidance is provided concerning widths where vehicles cannot pass without yielding

to another.

Section 2C.21 of the MUTCD provides guidance on the use of the "ONE LANE BRIDGE" (W5-3) sign. No other guidance is provided

concerning additional signing.

The MUTCD allows the use of a "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" (R1-2aP) plaque under a "YIELD" (R1-2) sign where drivers proceeding straight ahead must yield to traffic approaching from the opposite direction. Examples are a one-lane, two-way bridge or a one-lane, two-

way roadway section.

GUIDELINE: Traffic Engineering has designed a sign (W5-3.1) with the legend "ONE

LANE ROAD" to use at one-lane, two-way roadway sections. The criteria for this sign should be based on the criteria of the "ONE LANE BRIDGE" (W5-3) sign in section 2C.21 of the MUTCD. The attached typical was developed for locations that require signing in addition to the "ONE LANE BRIDGE" (W5-3) signs and for locations that may require signing for one-lane, two-way roadway sections such as underpasses and culverts. The need may be based upon traffic volumes, truck traffic, the length of the one-lane bridge or roadway section, or the approach visibility of the bridge or roadway section.

Date

Rob Perry 12-20-2018 Approved: Director of Traffic Engineering

Original Guideline Signed on April 3, 2008

